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all occasions

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Attack On Young Woman SEE
BACK PAGE

CHINA MAIL

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1951.

Price 20 Cents

Today's Weather: SE winds, moderating gradually. Cloudy
with occasional squally showers.



Hongkong Looms Large In Commons Debate On Sweeping Trade Control

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

Reeling Cows Expose Still

Calcutta, June 19.
Reeling cows, staggering
pigs and crows which
could not fly but could
crawl drunkenly, revealed
the presence of an illicit liquor
still which the Police had
seized for months.

Villagers who saw the
birds and animals behave
drunkenly after drinking
in a creek approached the
creek and found that it
was filled strongly of liquor.

Police followed the
tiger trail through dense
jungle to the creek's source,
where the moonshiners, whose vats had
overflowed, were caught.
—Associated Press

London, June 19.
Questions put to Sir Hartley Shawcross,
President of the Board of Trade, after his
announcement in the Commons today of
licence control on all goods sent to China and
Hongkong, show that MP's are not satisfied
with the situation.

Although MP's do not dispute the need for
tighter control over exports to China—and indeed
welcome them—they are not satisfied that other
countries are doing all in their power to prevent
trade in strategic goods with China.

Mr L. D. Gammans (Con-
servative) asked about rubber sup-
plies to China from Cey-
lon, Indo-China and Siam;

Mr Anthony Eden (Conserv-
ative) asked whether Sir Hartley
knew what action other coun-
tries which had direct trade
with China and Hongkong were
taking; and

Mr John Paton (Labour)
wanted to know if the Por-
tuguese had done anything to
prevent imports from Macao.

Some further tightening up
of measures to prevent the ex-
port of goods of possible mili-
tary value to China had been
expected for some time but the
sweeping nature of the new
regulation has taken political
circles here by surprise.

Despite the strict control
over all shipments to China the
authorities have recently been
worried about consignments of
goods—notably rubber, tyres and
motor spare parts—which have
been sent from this country
by roundabout routes to China.

Mr John Paton (Labour)
asked if it could be taken that this would
not interfere with the legitimate
export trade of Hongkong to
China "on which the existence
of Hongkong depends".

This list does not involve a
major intensification of the em-
bargo on trade with China, Sir
Hartley said.

LEGITIMATE TRADE

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Robert Hudson, asked if it
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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Sweeping Trade Controls

SIR Hartley Shawcross could hardly have better timed his most effective reply to State Department officials who have revived pressure in favour of a complete blockade of the China coast. A strict control system is to be imposed in the United Kingdom as from June 25 prohibiting the export of a long list of strategic materials, including rubber, and extending licensing control to Hongkong. The decision represents full compliance with the United Nations embargo resolution, indeed going farther in some ways than might be regarded as absolutely necessary. What is equally important, whether or not the American economic experts are sufficiently impressed that they will drop the campaign for a highly premature naval blockade, the implication is plain: Britain is satisfied that the real needs are adequately met, that the controls are stringent in all conscience, and that Britain's participation in any blockade must not be expected. What precisely will be the effect on Hongkong of the sharp tightening of controls

A Move To

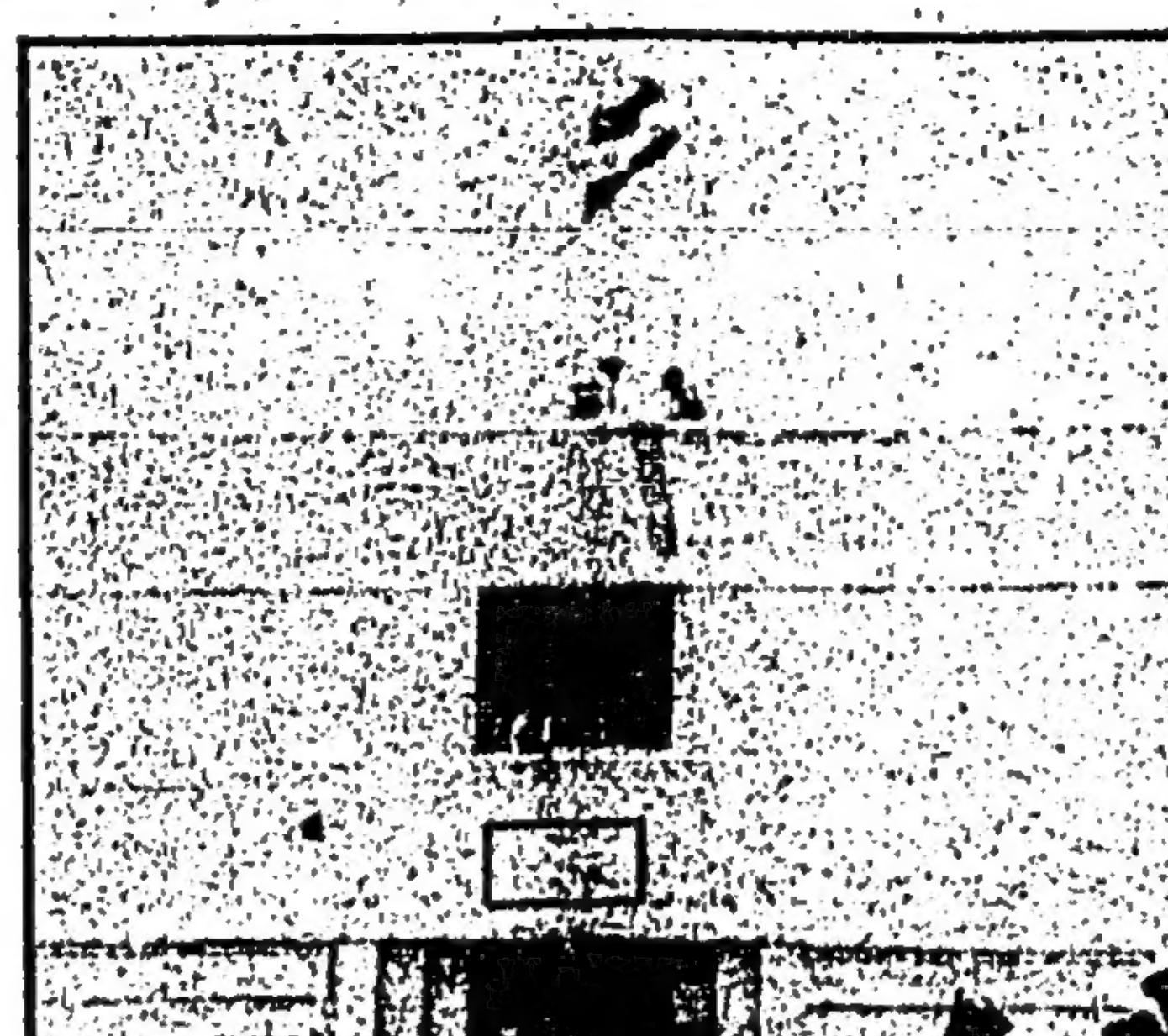
THOUGH General de Gaulle's organization provides the largest single political party in the new French National Assembly, it is the Third Force, or Centre coalition, that once again will rule France. This coalition's record does not encourage hopes of a more stable government ahead; indeed the future political scene in France is one of extreme uncertainty, leading to much uncertainty on the part of France's friends. There is one cheerful aspect of the elections: there are powerful parties (they are exceeded only by the de Gaulleists in the Assembly) they have been much weakened, and though they still present a problem the trend in the country seems to be to the right. Both extremist groups have

cannot be estimated accurately until the system becomes operative. Local business men interested only in legitimate trading will not be too deeply concerned except in the event—perhaps likely at the outset—of protracted delays in licence grants, causing much inconvenience. For the rest, it was foreseen that growing indications of stalemate in the Korean war zone would compel stricter supervision of the movement of potential war materials and the announcement of the President of the Board of Trade came as no surprise. Its nature is sweeping but it is a further earnest of British recognition of the necessities. Materials needed within the Colony should not run against insurmountable obstacles, but it will be the duty of the Hongkong Government to intensify its hitherto reasonably successful measures to prevent leakage into the Chinese hinterland. No-one likes controls, but in these days of international tension, there can be no alternative. The onus lies with Peking.

The Right?

been rebuffed in the polling and it is now up to the next Premier to hold together what will undoubtedly be a shaky coalition. Lack of cohesion among the moderate parties has not improved and no Government, whoever the Premier, will be strong. France is still in a precarious position on the home front, and her friends can only hope that the new coalition will prove workable. The people's vote has not so much approved the Centre as condemned the extremists. The coalition now must do away with those constant changes in Cabinet that have been such a distressing feature of French political life for so many years. The times ahead are too populous to permit of continued petty playing of politics.

Persian Flag Breaks



PERSIA BREAKS OFF TALKS IN OIL DISPUTE

British Troops Alerted And Navy May Move Into Gulf

Teheran, June 19.

The Persian Government tonight broke off talks with the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company's delegation here.

The Persians said that the Company's reply to their demand

for money was unacceptable.

The Finance Minister, Ali Varasteh—whose resignation as leader of the Persian negotiators because of ill-health was announced earlier today—did not appear for the opening of tonight's meeting of the two delegations.

His place in the chair was taken by Sayed Ali Shayegan, a member of the Persian Oil Commission.

The Persians had a private meeting earlier in the afternoon when they discussed various possible replies from the Company and their reaction to them.

The Prime Minister, Dr Mohammed Mossadeq, warned earlier today that he would seize all the Company's installations in South Persia unless it met his demands.

His warning came only a few hours before the meeting—the third since the British delegates arrived from London.

Dr Mossadeq had earlier seen the American Ambassador, Dr Henry Grady, who was believed to have urged him to accept any reasonable British reply.

COMPANY'S OFFER

The British Ambassador, Sir Francis Shepherd, called on the Shah during the day to tell him of the Company's reply.

This rejected the Persian demand outright as "unjustifiable". It offered to place at the disposal of the Persian Government £10,000,000 immediately and a further £2,000,000 each month from July until agreement was reached.

The Company specified that the money would be made available only if there was no interference with its operations in the minutest detail and are ready to roll at an order.

NAVY MAY MOVE

Sources said military protection would probably come from the Suez Canal troops first, although still unconfirmed reports from Cyprus said paratroopers there had been alerted. Naval units were also expected to move in.

Some said evacuation would be withdrawn of the tankers fleet and abandonment of installations, but authoritative experts on the situation said the very operation of the threatened switch-off might be "resisted" since informed pressure levels and other technical aspects might cause explosions and fire. The source

was not elaborate on the word "resisted".

The discussions today, in the third and last meeting, lasted little over an hour. They consisted mainly of a conversation between Mr Basil Jackson, British delegation leader and Vice-Chairman of the Company, and the leader of the

KING'S LIBERTY Air Conditioned

★ FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY ★

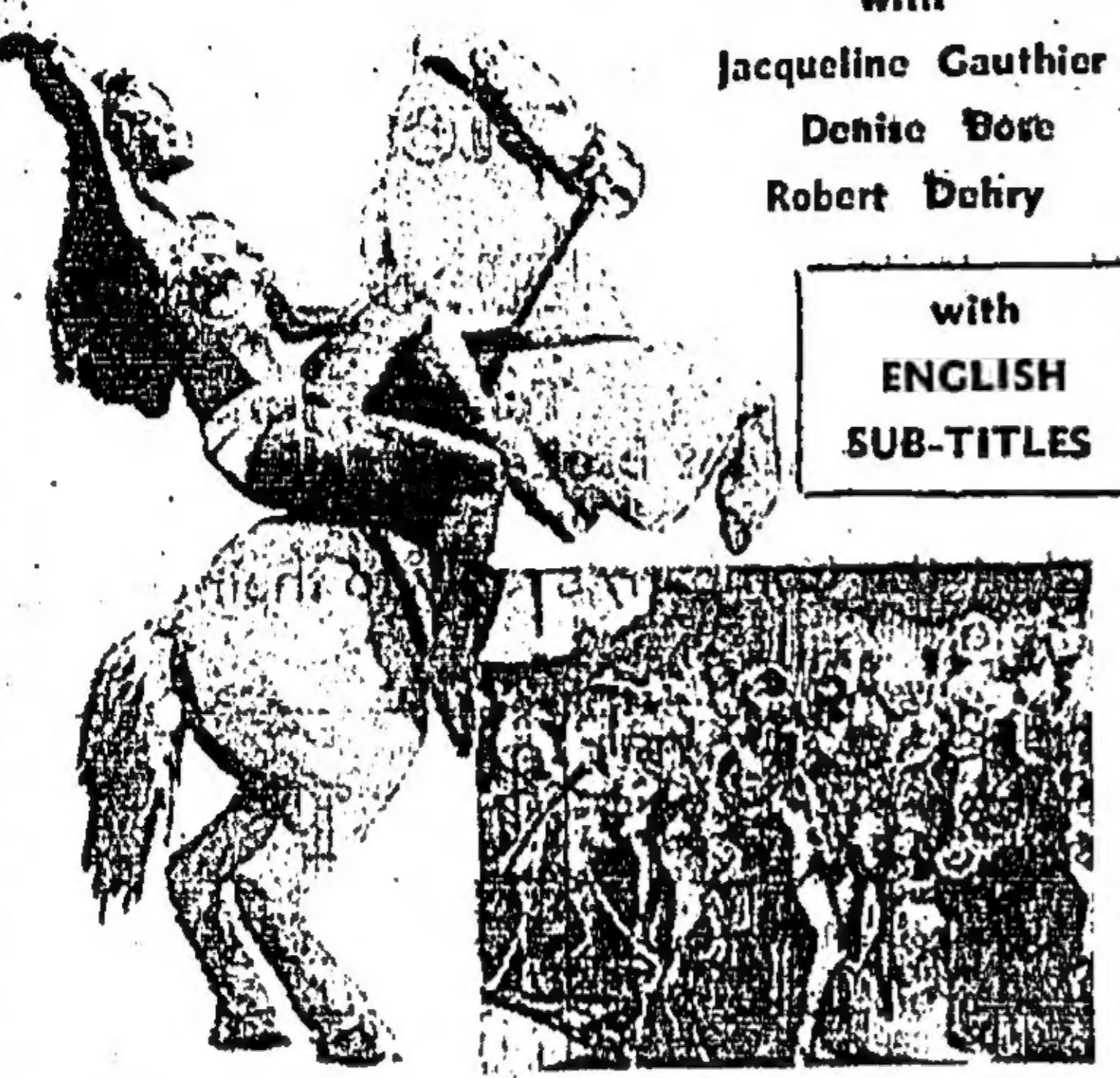
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
AT 9.30 P.M.
PATHE OVERSEAS PRESENTS

"UNE NUIT A TABARIN"

(ONE NIGHT AT TABARIN)

with
Jacqueline Gauthier
Denise Rose
Robert Deliry

with
ENGLISH
SUB-TITLES



TO-MORROW AT THE KING'S BY POPULAR REQUEST ★

Universal-International Presents
Bud ABBOTT • Lou COSTELLO
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FOREIGN LEGION

KING'S air-conditioned

COMING SHORTLY

TED LEWIN'S

BIG

STAGE SHOW

ALL STAR

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Follies OF 1951

2 HOURS OF NON-STOP VARIETY

14 GLAMOROUS,
TALENTED YOUNG GIRLS

ALL HOLLYWOOD ARTISTS
OF STAGE-SCREEN-RADIO-
TELEVISION

• WATCH FOR THE OPENING DATE •

LEE Theatre
AIR COOLED, DEHUMIDIFIED, DRYIZED AND PURIFIED
DAILY AT
2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30
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TAKE ANY EASTBOUND TRAM OR ROUTE NO. 5 BUS

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★

JOAN HITS THE ROAD...AND A NEW HIGH IN LAUGHS!

Joan Davis

The TRAVELING SALESMAN

Andy Devine

LEE and MAJESTIC
COMMENCING FRIDAY

**The
Avengers**
JOHN CARROLL • ADRIE MARA
A DEPARTURE PICTURE

Freedom Of The Press

EMPIRE GROUP'S DISCUSSIONS

London, June 19. Lord Burnham, acting Chairman of the Commonwealth Press Union, said today that it was never more necessary, nor more appropriate than now that the Union should discuss freedom of the world's press.

Lord Burnham told the annual general meeting of the Union that it had been an unpleasant surprise (symptomatic of these times) that the Union's conference in Ottawa last year had had to put freedom of the press on the agenda for public discussion for the first time since its foundation 30 years ago.

Mr Devadoss Gandhi, editor of the Hindustan Times, cabled to the Union the approval of its Indian section that the body had changed its name from "Empire Press Union" to "Commonwealth Press Union."

The Indian section deeply deplored the change of name, which it considered in keeping with the spirit of the times.

Mr Gandhi added that the case of La Prensa, taken over by the Argentine Government, was "the most flagrant and deliberate strangulation by ill-concealed methods of a highly respected, responsible and popular paper by a totalitarian authority."

He urged the Union to make official representations to the United Nations Economic, Scientific and Cultural Organisation about fairer distribution of the world's newsprint supplies.

The only ultimate solution of this problem would, he believed, be for the Union jointly to persuade the American publishers to reduce their "inordinate consumption by a small fraction."

The Union re-elected Mr J. J. Astor, publisher of The Times, as Chairman.—Reuter.

Communist Leaders' Last Try

Washington, June 19. Eleven convicted American Communist Party leaders were engaged today in a last ditch effort to stay out of jail.

The Supreme Court affirmed on June 4 the convictions for conspiring to teach and advocate the overthrow of the Government. Normally, a High Court mandate is relayed to the trial court in 25 days and the defendants must surrender themselves to start serving the sentences.

But the Communists asked Justice Robert Jackson to stay the mandate until Autumn when the court can examine a petition for a review of the case. Justice Jackson will listen to arguments on the proposal on Thursday. Mr. Jackson was one of the six Justices who voted in the Court's 6-2 decision to uphold the Reds' conviction. Mr. Jackson will also hear a plea on behalf of five lawyers who have been representing the 11 convicted leaders.—United Press.

All made pre-trial confessions, the indictment said.

Monsignor Groesz is one of the three Archbishops of Hungary. The others are Cardinal Mindszenty and Monsignor Gyula, Bishop Czaplak of Eger.

The indictment quoted part of the pre-trial confession said to have been made by the Archbishops to prove that Monsignor Groesz virtually took over Cardinal Mindszenty's role of conspiring against the regime.

Latest In Atom Bombs



This is an aerial view of the latest atom bomb test at Eniwetok Atoll in the Pacific. It shows an early phase of a nuclear explosion. The picture has only just been released by the American authorities. — AP Photo.

Hungary To Try Catholic Bishop

Budapest, June 19. Jozsef, Archbishop Groesz of Kalocsa, the Hungarian Roman Catholic leader who signed the Church-State agreement of August, 1950, is to be tried on charges of anti-State activity, black-market currency dealings, helping wanted persons flee the country and other crimes, it was announced today.

The official announcement confirmed earlier rumours that the Archbishop was to face the same ordeal as Cardinal Mindszenty, convicted of treason and imprisoned for life in 1949.

Budapest papers today printed the charges against Archbishop Groesz and eight alleged accomplices.

Among the eight other accused is Dr. Elajos Pangracz, Hungarian employee of the U.S. Information Service in Budapest. His inclusion in the list eliminates all doubt that the "Logation of an Imperialist power" mentioned frequently in the indictment is the U.S. Legation.

The other defendants are three high-ranking monks of the Hungarian order dissolved last summer, a pre-war Member of Parliament, a former high civil servant, a member of Hungary's former Upper House of Parliament and a lawyer.

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ARMED 'GROUPS'

The Cardinal charged me to take over the leadership of the organisation aiming at the overthrow of the regime in case of his arrest," the indictment quoted the Archbishop as saying.

Another quotation from Monsignor Groesz's alleged confession said: "I admit that the conspiracy which I headed began to organise armed groups with the task to overthrow the People's Republic and take over power." Confidential material between the Archbishop and the Vatican was delivered to several Budapest Legations of imperialist powers", the indictment continued.

It also accused Mons. Groesz of giving reports with secret economic and political spying data to the imperialist legations and with having carried out precious codices from the country.

Veer is also accused of the murder of a Russian soldier in an ambush in December, 1944.—Associated Press.

General As Envoy

Capetown, June 19. General W. H. E. Poole, head of South Africa's Military Mission in Germany, has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary in Italy, Greece and Egypt, it was announced here tonight. He succeeds General Theron, who is due to retire shortly.—Reuter.

BROADWAY AIR CONDITIONED

BY SPECIAL REQUEST
TO-DAY ONLY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
7.30 P.M.

WOMEN WITHOUT THEIR
MEN . . . At the Marcy of
MEN WITHOUT THEIR
WOMEN!

THREE CAME HOME

CLAUDETTE COLBERT

POP

PHOEBE, I WANT
TO MARRY YOU!

YES—BUT
HAVE YOU
SEEN POP
YET?

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Home-furnishing FABRICS

BROCADES
PRINTED LINENS
SATINS
ART. SILKS

in new, attractive designs
and smart colourings.

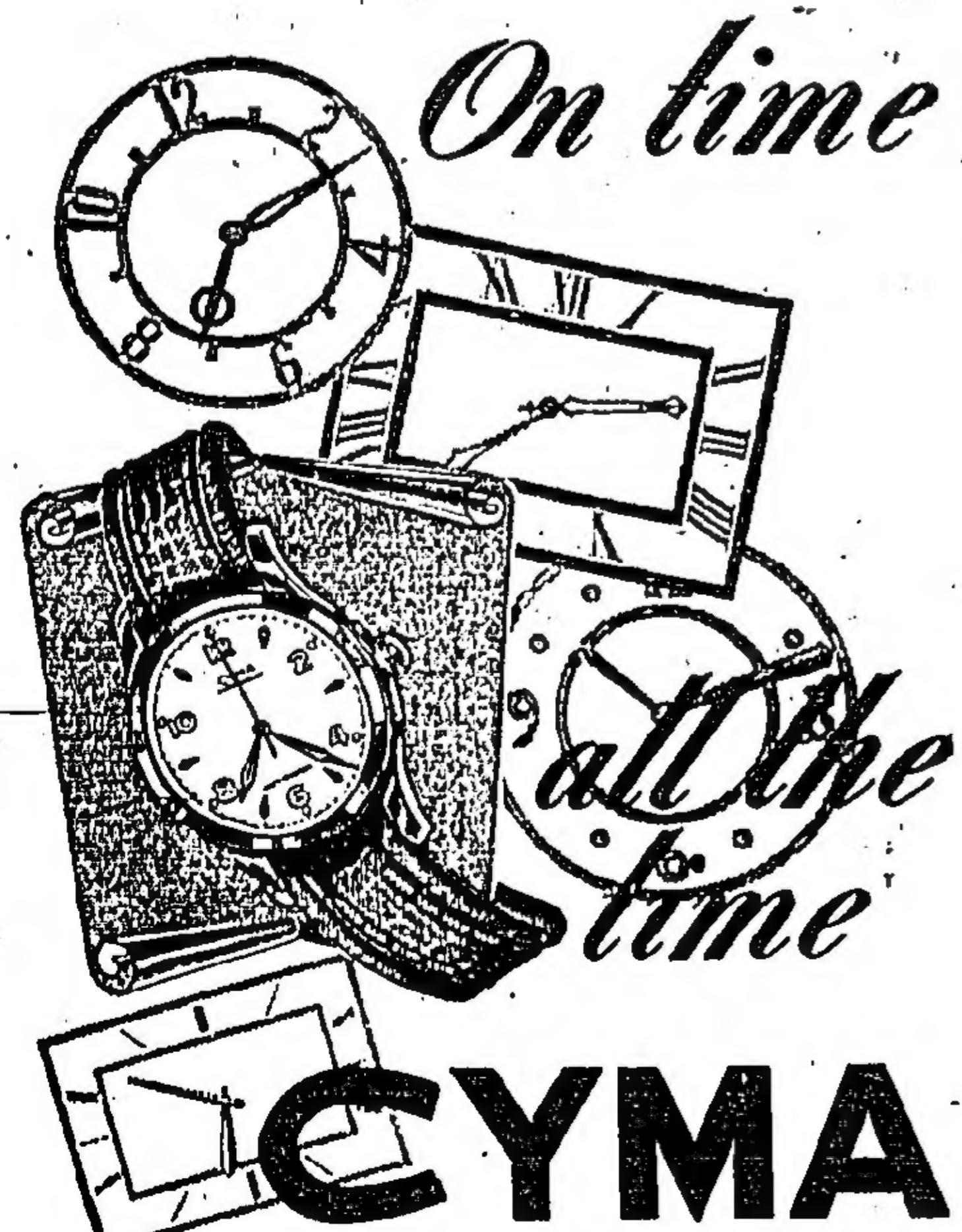
THESE HAVE NEWLY
ARRIVED . . . AT

Lane, Crawford's
(LANE, CRAWFORD LTD.)

GRANT



Gordons'
Stands Supreme
Sole Agents
DODWELL & CO., LTD.



SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST

THE CHINA MAIL

SUNDAY POST-HERALD

THE MOST EFFECTIVE
ADVERTISING MEDIA

SEE PARTICULARS AND RATES

PANIC! This is the very moment when

ANATOLI ANTONOVICH YAKOVLEV, the Russian Vice-Consul in New York, was worried as he sat in the grey stone building on that frosty February afternoon in 1946.

He could not make up his mind whether to keep an appointment that evening with one of the five spies he directed.

Yakovlev, the Sixth Man in the spy ring, was due to meet agent Harry Gold at the Earl Theatre in the Bronx.

The strain of two years' dangerous undercover work was telling. And he was still suffering from the shock of a really bad scare.

A few weeks previously he had been tipped off that a front-rank scientist, known to be sympathetic to Communism, was visiting New York with a briefcase full of secret atomic documents.

Trailed

DETERMINED to contact him, the Sixth Man had shadowed him for days waiting for an opening. Just when he felt it was safe to make an approach he noticed he was not the only person trailing the man with the atom secrets. Intelligence men were also following the scientist and checking on every person he met. The Sixth Man had been shaken.

What if Harry Gold was now being trailed, he wondered.

Yakovlev knew enough of American law to realise that what he had done could send him to the electric chair.

News in the air

**JET BOMBER
DESIGNER IS
HONOURED**

JAMES STUART

JUST elected a vice-president of the Royal Aeronautical Society is Mr George Robert Edwards, the man who designed Britain's new, powerful, four-engined jet bomber, the Vickers 660, which made its first flight on May 18.

Only 42, Edwards is one of the youngest of our aeroplane designers.

At 27 he began work in the Vickers drawing office; at 32 he was made experimental works manager at the aeroplane factory at Weybridge, Surrey. He was 37 when he became the firm's chief designer.

So successful was Edwards's 660 design expected to be that the Government placed substantial production orders for the new bomber without waiting for the first one to fly.

Edwards took an engineering degree at London University 10 years ago.

Other aircraft he has produced include the Viking airliner used by British European Airways, and the Viscount, the world's first airliner to use propeller-turbine engines.

THE old, historic hall of Westminster School will be filled with airline officials from all over the free world during the second week of September.

Occasion is the seventh annual meeting of the International Air Transport Association. Hosts to their competitors from all parts of the world for this year's meeting are British Overseas and British European Airways. President European will be Sir Miles Thomas, BOAC chief.

DIE hoverplane has now entered the steeplejack business.

When a 150ft.-high chimney at an American chemical plant needed repainting recently, a hoverplane went up. A passenger leaned out and fixed the tackle. The whole operation took half an hour against the estimated day and

THE SIXTH MAN takes fright

Chapter 4 in the story of the Soviet Super Spy
prepared by CHAPMAN PINCHER

Through Agent No. 1, formation, had been cut off the British traitor Klaus from secret American research. Fuchs, he had sent the search along with all the main secrets of making other British scientists, and atom bombs to Moscow. was going home to London.

Greenglass had also been squeezed dry. He was due to be demobilised from the Army—honourably as a top sergeant—the next week, thereby severing contact with atom work.

The Sixth Man decided to dodge his date. After all, he argued, he could always get in touch with Gold later.

On the Sixth Man's instructions Rosenberg, then serving as a U.S. Government weapons inspector, had brought the fuse out of a factory in his lunch box.

As a reward Yakovlev had given him a "citation" entitling him to special privileges if he ever went to Russia.

Squeezed dry

SPY No. 4, shaggy-haired Morton Sobell, had given his radar and rocket secrets "stolen" from the General Electric laboratory.

Now agent No. 5, Harry Gold, was coming to New York to get further orders.

There was really no new work for Gold to do. Fuchs, his main source of in-

formation, had been cut off.

But the Sixth Man never came and Gold had no signal from him for ten months.

Then, one morning early in December, two tickets for a boxing match arrived at his lodgings. They had been forwarded from his old address, 6823, Kindred Street, Philadelphia.

When Gold got there Yakovlev was waiting for him. The two

were to meet at the Earl Theatre at eight o'clock tonight.

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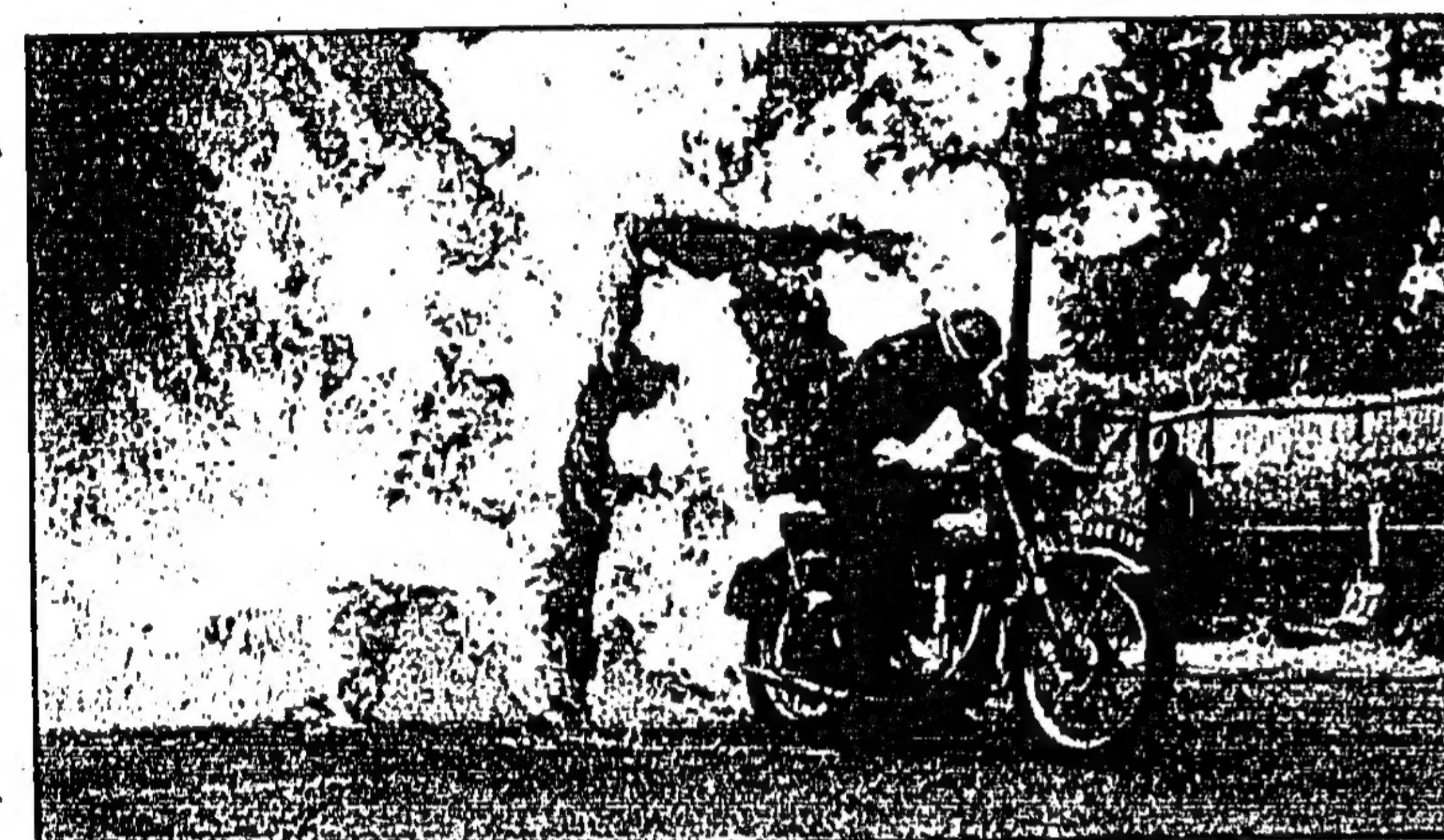
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FOR SHEER THRILLS AND SPLIT-SECOND TIMING



The Army's Trick Cyclists Can Offer As Spectacular A Finale As Any Circus

Says PETER LOVEGROVE

For sheer thrills, spectacular daring and split-second timing there is little to compare with motor-cycle stunt riding. And no one can provide them better than the Army's two crack display teams which I had the good fortune to see in action within twenty-four hours of each other recently.

The Catterick Signals, in their dark-blue red-faced uniforms and white crash helmets, were delighting the Royal Tournament crowds with a polished, streamlined fifteen-minute display on their Triumphs. And on a football pitch at Bordon, Hampshire, the stunt men of the Army Mechanical Transport School, in bantam dress and wearing green and yellow crash helmets, demonstrated in just over half an hour on BSAs how closely they rival the Signals in skill and showmanship.

The trick men from Bordon, who are just starting another successful season which will take them to military tattoos and sports meetings, carnivals and fêtes, horticultural shows and municipal celebrations from the Isle of Wight to Birmingham and from the West Country to Essex every Saturday during the summer, had originally been booked for this year's Tournament. They dropped out when the revival of the Aldershot Tattoo was planned, but this has now been called off owing to the intense concentration on training.

The fifteen riders are, with one exception, officers, warrant officers and NCOs of the School's permanent staff. The old man out is a National Serviceman, no less accomplished or unorthodox a rider as his seniors.

The School, which was formed in 1940 from the old RA Transport School and from the Infantry Driving and Maintenance School at Keswick, trains instructors in the driving, maintenance and administration of mechanical transport. It spreads its doctrines by manuals, training films and travelling teams, and also tries out new vehicles and components.

LEADING TRIALS RIDERS

Bordon naturally breeds enthusiastic motorists and motorcyclists. Among the crack riders are Sergeant G.M. Berry, the Inter-Services champion Trial rider for the past three years, Staff-Sergeant E. Arnott and Sergeant A. Ormesher, both Gold Medallists in the International Six-Day Trials.

As a team these three are Southern Command Champions. Ormesher, unfortunately, recently had a carilige removed following a knee injury and it may be a little time before he is in the saddle again.

The fourth of the School's Gold Medallists in the International Six-Day Trial is Captain D.C. Omond, RA, the captain of the Display Team, which is entirely run on voluntary lines. His success depends

wholly on the keenness of its members; all practice is done in their spare time, and displays are always given at week-ends when they do not interfere with normal working parades.

The team is in no way assisted by public funds; it does not even use WD machines. The motor-cycles—eleven 350 c.c. models, three 500 c.c. and a 125 c.c. Bantam—have all been loaned free of charge by the BSA Company.

NO CONCESSIONS

These long-suffering cycles, which have not been altered or strengthened in any way, stand up to almost incredible punishment, and the show is the zenith of the unorthodox.

High jumping from twin-amps; figures of eight or weaving patterns with machines passing within inches of each other at high speed; ten men mounting a single cycle, or the whole party clambering on to three machines; remote control riding with a man directing his cycle with the aid of reins while standing upright on the saddle, or, for that matter, without reins at all; and a series of elaborate tableaux with men riding at acute angles or producing remarkable pyramid effects are some of the attractions this team provides to demonstrate perfect balance, poise, and coordination of man and machine.

The star turns include riding a see-saw; a climb up a ladder while the machine to which it is fixed careers around the arena; precision shooting of balloons by expert marksmen on fast-moving cycles; surfing-board riding; and, finally, a death-defying race through a 20-foot tunnel of blazing fire by the whole team. And that, from the scorched eyebrows I noticed after the display, is definitely no picnic.

Certainly this climax, which was a great favourite with the 63,000 spectators attending a Speedway Test at Wembley last year, and the 4,000 thousand who crowded the Swindon Town Football Ground for a military tattoo, is as spectacular a finale as anything a circus could offer.

A FILM STORY FOR GRACIE FIELDS?

Production chief of Associated British, Robert Clark, has long made no secret of the fact that he would like to make a film starring Gracie Fields.

The trouble, as always, has been to find a suitable story.

Well, that difficulty may now be over.

Paul Vincent Carroll has written a story titled "Heart for Hire." If all goes according to plan, Gracie will appear in it as a schoolteacher in Scotland.

Meanwhile author Carroll has something else to be pleased about. Edward Dowling, the producer who presented Carroll's play "Shadow and Substance" in New York some years ago, has bought the American rights of his latest play, "The Chuckey Head Story," and hopes to present it on Broadway in the autumn.

With a unit of only four technicians, producer Leslie Cardey has been making a film in Madeira. He reports that the islanders could not have been more co-operative or more professional.

For one scene in the film—it is called "Madeira Story," stars ex-model Miki Hood—he wanted a scene in which all the citizens suddenly pull back their blinds and turn on the lights.

To time and arrange this operation would have been complicated and costly but for the help of the local broadcasting station. At the appropriate time, an announcer broadcast a request for all listeners to perform the necessary actions. The response was universal.

Music for the film has been composed by John Barnes, whose hobby is Judo. He should have no difficulty in dealing with aggressive musicians.

Reporting for work on "Madeira Story" is

JACK WARNER FLYING OUT TO KOREA TO ENTERTAIN COMMONWEALTH TROOPS

Going through the whole gamut of inoculations and vaccinations at the Queen Alexandra Military Hospital, Millbank, London, for the past few days has been the popular film, radio and music hall star, Jack Warner.

For Jack, just back from Norway where he has been making the exteriors for his new film "Valley of Eagles" with John Maclellan, is leaving for Korea by air on June 22.

He will be the first British artist to entertain the Commonwealth troops fighting around the 38th Parallel, and proposes to spend a month touring units with his cheerful, down-to-earth humour and vast repertoire of songs. With him are going Bobby

Alderson, his pianist for the past 14 years, and ventriloquist Jack Rogers, who have just returned from a successful tour of Malta, Libya and the Canal Zone with Leslie Henson.

Jack, who was born within the sound of Bow bells, sprang to fame at the outbreak of World War Two as the Cockney soldier with the catch-phrase "Mind My Bike" in the BBC "Garrison Theatre" series. The series was vastly popular and lasted until April 1940, after which the show went to the West End stage and then toured Britain for 30 months.

SCREEN VARIETY

In the last year of the war, he scored a big personal success as the Cockney prisoner-of-war in the moving British film "The Captive Heart." This first venture in a new medium sealed his popularity, and he soldier, Jack actually served as

an airman in World War One.

He studied motor engineering at London University and was later apprenticed to the motor trade. He spent 1941-1948 in France with the Royal Flying Corps and the RAF, and became an observer. When the hostilities ended, he took up motor racing and competed in a number of International events on the Continent.

STAGE STRUCK

He had always had a hankering for the stage, however. Whilst still in the motor trade he had appeared in plays and entertainments semi-professionally and made his first broadcast from Savoy Hill in 1927, and eventually he made the stage his career. Jack recalls being interested in entertaining at a very early age. He used to play the violin in the family orchestra. His mother sang, father played the banjo, and his sisters the violin and piano.

HEADACHES

Be bright... fight your HEADACHES while they're slight!

When headaches start—due to worry, overwork, over-indulgence—be smart, take Alka-Seltzer at the first sign of discomfort. Repeat—if needed—for continued relief. Sparkling effervescence makes Alka-Seltzer pleasant-tasting, helps its pain-killing analgesic go to work fast. Harmless, not a laxative—you can take it any time.

Drop one or two tablets into a glass of water. Watch it fizz into a refreshing solution—then drink it. Keep a supply of quick-acting Alka-Seltzer on hand—always!

Alka-Seltzer helps millions daily

Takes 12 & 30 tablets

Alka-Seltzer

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Every TUESDAY is SAC DAY to BANGKOK and DIRECT FLIGHT to RANGOON

Arthur Peall says:

IF YOU CAN'T SCORE

TRY A SNOOKER

WHEN you cannot hope to score,

Diagram below could not be hit

thickly enough to score

middle pocket double, so striker

must wait to score behind green.

A snooker—the right shot.

Faulty strength

in taking a mid-

billiards. Will

leave white al-

most a foot top

question.

Then you must

hit in of shown

orifice ball.

But this is a safe shot, only

if you are not

in a hurry.

Diagram below

is a poor substitute for

the diagram in the

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ARRIVALS		
Date	Ship	From
In Port	"RUYIS"	S. America, S. Africa, Singapore & Saigon
In Port	"TIJWANGI"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
1st July	"TIJTALENOKA"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
1st July	"VAN HEUSE"	Penang, Malaya, Singapore & Singapore
1st July	"RUYIS"	Japan
22nd June	SAILINGS	
22nd June	"TIJWANGI"	Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
5th July	"RUYIS"	Japan
6th July	"TIJTALENOKA"	Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
6th July	"VAN HEUSE"	Japan
10th July	"RUYIS"	Malaya, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
Agents: HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE		
ARRIVALS		
Date	Ship	From
In Port	"KIELDRECHT"	Europe & Singapore
1st July	"KIELDRECHT"	Japan
End July	"AAGTEKERK"	Europe & Singapore
Mid August	"AAGTEKERK"	Japan
21st June	SAILINGS	
21st June	"KIELDRECHT"	Japan via Manila, Manilla, Singapore & Europe
13th July	"KIELDRECHT"	Japan via Manila, Manilla, Singapore & Europe
End July	"AAGTEKERK"	Manila, Singapore & Europe
Mid August	"AAGTEKERK"	Manila, Singapore & Europe

KINGS BUILDING TELEPHONES 28015 TO 28017
LONDON EAST ASIA LINE HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE

Synthetic Wool To Be Mass-Produced

Washington, June 19.

A spokesman for the Defence Mobilisation Administrator, Mr Charles E. Wilson, told the United Press today that Mr Wilson was expected to declare within one month that synthetic wool was necessary to the defence effort so that it can be mass-produced to provide uniforms and blankets for the armed forces.

The spokesman said Mr Wilson feels that once synthetic wool in mass produced, it will take the same place in relation to natural wool that artificial silk at present occupies in regard to natural silk.

Mr Wilson realised it has some of the same qualities as artificial silk, namely when wet, it dries very quickly and loses its wrinkles. Mr Wilson believes that factor will prove invaluable when synthetic wool uniforms and blankets can be provided in quantity for the Armed Forces. Mr Wilson had given this matter "active" and favourable consideration so that within one month the Defence Mobiliser was expected to declare synthetic wool necessary to the defence effort.

One of the big considerations in Mr Wilson's mind is the fact that synthetic wool can be produced at considerably cheaper prices than the present prices at which natural wool is sold by Australia and other countries. Mr Wilson was disappointed at the present high wool prices at a time when the United States has instituted price ceilings on numbers of scarce strategic materials such as sulphur and zinc.

Mr Wilson feels that through a system of allocations, the price of wool would have been controlled so that this vital strategic material could be sold at more reasonable prices to nations taking part in permanent efforts. Mr Wilson was aware of the fact that the Wool Commodity Committee of the International Materials Conference had not been able to accomplish anything because certain member countries will not agree to allocation and price control of raw wool.

MASS PRODUCTION

After Mr Wilson has declared synthetic wool necessary to the defence effort, the Defence Production Authority will issue "certificates of necessity" to firms manufacturing synthetic wool, which through the benefit will allow them within a period of five years to pay off the costs of their manufacturing plants. The Defence Production Authority will also see that these firms get high priority for the machinery required to manufacture synthetic wool.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$269,500. Noon prices and the morning's transactions—SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

HK. LOANS	317 (1940) 031 941
DAKES	1410 3420 25 3400
East Asia	102
INDIA	240
Canton XD	710 90 45 910
Union XD	3 350
Underwriters	133 140
DOCKS, ETC.	72 74
N. P. Wharf	420 411
XD	2210
Provident	1014 2.63
Shat Dock	2154
Wheelock	2000 2 510
LAND, ETC.	31
41K Land XD	120
Shat Land	120
UTILITIES	1120 12
Bank	551
C. Light (C)	6 500 0 633
C. Light (B)	6.00 6 500 0 576
3CD	0.70 0.60 600 0 576
Electric	2314 34 2200 0 214
Telephone	10 2000 0 10
INVESTMENTS	10 1015
Hedge	19 115
STOKES, ETC.	1211 1211 1000 0 1211
Watson	10 2000 0 1012
Y. Crawford	235 2012
COTTONS	215
EW	215

Grain Prices In Chicago

Chicago, June 19.

Prices of grain futures closed here today as follows—

Wheat—price per bushel

Spot 22151

July 22151

September 22151

December 22151

March 22151

Corn

Spot 17223

July 17223

September 17223

December 17223

March 17223

Barley

Spot 17223

July 17223

September 17223

December 17223

March 17223

Soybean

Spot 17223

July 17223

September 17223

December 17223

March 17223

Wheat—per 100 lb. Back

12/10—United Press

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates—

Sterling note (per £1) 15.70

U.S. dollar (per \$1) 15.70

Canadian dollar (per \$1) 15.70

Malaya (per 100) 15.70

Singapore (Birras) 15.70

PCG dollars (per 100) 15.70

Yen (per £1) 15.70

Yen (per \$1) 15.70

Yen (per 100) 15.70



Savage Attack On Young Woman In Kowloon Alleged

An attack on an attractive young Chinese woman, who was stabbed seven times on the night of August 9, 1948, in Austin Road, Kowloon, was recalled at the Criminal Sessions this morning when Ng Chiu-kwan, 33, was arraigned before the Chief Justice, Sir Gerard Howe, on charges of attempted murder of Chan Fung-ming, 25, and wounding her with intent.

PASSION CRIME ALLEGED

A slightly built one-armed youth, Chan Tung-fun, 21, stood trial before Mr Justice Schools and a jury of five men and two women at the Criminal Sessions this morning accused of having attempted to strangle a young married woman because of jealousy and unrequited love, the prosecution alleged.

Chan faces charges of attempted murder and causing grievous bodily harm.

Mr Hooton, who was assisted by Det Sub-Insps. H. M. Dey, said that the case against Chan was that sometime between 8 p.m. and 9 p.m. on April 9 on a piece of waste land near St Mary's Church in Wan Chai, he put a rope round the neck of Tong Suet-kuen, causing her to become unconscious in fact strangling her to unconsciousness. It was alleged that he did it either with the intention of killing her, or that if he did not intend to kill, he intended to do her grievous bodily hurt.

Introducing the evidence which he said would be given by his witnesses, Mr Hooton said that the victim was a married woman living with her three-year-old daughter and her parents on the first floor of 58 Wo Street, near Roxy Theatre, and accused was the son of the principal tenant.

The accused showed the woman a certain amount of kindness helping her to look for a job which she needed, said Counsel. On his part, this acquaintance took a stronger feeling and on many occasions asked her to marry him. She refused because her husband was still living and she told him so.

"So you have a picture of this young man desperately in love with this married woman and she in a position, whatever her feelings were, favourable or otherwise, where she was unable to grant him his wish," said Mr Hooton.

Despite this, he went on, their relations remained friendly up to the day of the incident. Mr Hooton said that fortunately the noose which had been put round the woman's neck slackened after she lost consciousness. When she came to she made her way staggering and stumbling to her aunt's house, which was also in Wo Street. Her aunt put her to bed and later her mother came to fetch her home. While she was at her aunt's the accused arrived and enquired whether she had been there. The aunt lied and said no, so the accused left. Later he returned again to enquire and was again sent away.

"The aunt noticed that the victim's face was a frightful sight. Her eyes were protruding and she had pin-point bleeding on her face. She was in a frightful mess quite consistent with having been strangled," said Mr Hooton.

He said that later the police arrived at the girl's house and took both her and the accused to the station and later to hospital where she was examined.

The accused led the police to the path near the church and an officer found a piece of rope with one end tied to a shrub. "This is a matter of importance.

The accused only had one arm. He lost his left arm, unfortunately some time ago and so could not normally hold the rope and pass the noose over the woman's head.

"He needed an anchorage and so he used the tree, before he could slip the noose round her neck. The crown's case is that he first tied the rope round the shrub and then when she was not looking, slipped the noose round her neck, and pulled it tight. Fortunately the pressure was not as great as to kill her," said Mr Hooton.

The case is proceeding.

Back From Front



HONGKONG TRADE LOOMS LARGE IN COMMONS DEBATE

(Continued From Page 1)

was in "very close touch" with the United Nations' Additional Measures Committee on the action.

He said he wished to make it clear that the prohibited list, which would be circulated did not involve a "major intensification of the measures" which the United Kingdom had progressively adopted since the Korean war.

SATISFIED

"We are satisfied that the measures which we have been operating have been effective in preventing any supplies of substantial military or strategic importance reaching China from the United Kingdom but we decided that it was desirable to introduce statutory controls to replace certain informal arrangements with industries, "on which we have hitherto relied."

Mr Winston Churchill, leader of the Opposition, asked if the purpose of the statement was to clarify the system at Hongkong "so as to make a very strict and effective control of all goods

of strategic value can be imported for export to China".

BRITAIN'S STAND

The list had not been agreed with other governments, Sir Hartley said. It was Britain's interpretation of the requirements of the Additional Measures Committee, but it included various items not in the list published by the Committee. Rubber, he said, was an example.

Asked if he was satisfied that there was not a considerable re-export of war material into China, Sir Hartley said he was not yet in a position to say because the time had not quite elapsed for other countries to make their returns.

"I have no reason to doubt that generally speaking other members of the United Nations are being loyal to the recommendations of the Additional Measures Committee," he said.

Mr David Gammans (Conservative) asked: "Is it not a fact that only one-third of the external trade of Hongkong is with China? What is the present position with regard to rubber?"

Is it not a fact that we from this country and from British dependent countries have prohibited the export of abnormal quantities of rubber to China? To what extent has that example been followed by Ceylon, Indonesia, Siam and other countries?"

Sir Hartley replied, "It is a fact that Hongkong maintains substantial trading relations with countries other than China, although her trade with China is of considerable importance in view of the imports of essential commodities, particularly food, which she obtains from China."

Sir Hartley said, "It is a fact that the South African Defence Minister, Mr F. C. Erasmus, said the Commonwealth defence conference would also have to consider problems posed by the need for defence of the African continent—south of the Sahara desert.

"But the Middle East is our front door as far as defence is concerned," he said.

The Australian Defence Minister, Mr Philip McBride, said Australia was not committed

other than to organise "certain forces which will be available on mobilisation". "We have a three-year plan for this end we hope by the end of 1953 to have 167,000 troops available."

Informed sources said the conference would be influenced to a great extent by the action Britain decides to take in India to defend British interests there. These sources said:

"If it becomes necessary to send armed forces to Abidjan, the effect in other Middle and Near Eastern countries would be imponderable. In addition we have to keep in mind our negotiations with Egypt on revision of the 1936 treaty. We have to consider the situations in Syria and the Lebanon and the Arab countries' suspicion of Israel as a potential danger."

—United Press.

SOUTH AFRICAN STAND

An official said the conference would face a position where neither Australia nor New Zealand—both of whom are about to conclude a mutual defence pact with the United States in the Pacific—would be economically capable of maintaining a Middle East defence force in peacetime. In addition, there would be South Africa's plain warning given at the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' conference in January, that if as a substitute for the Indian Army it was planned to bring armed Africans into the Middle East, South Africa would refuse any de-

mands.

"Accused went to Canton, where he remained for three years."

"Through some irony of fate, the help she had looked for so long then arrived. A rickshaw containing a European approached and accused ran away. The European put her into his rickshaw and she was taken back to her home, where her mother removed the blade. She was later taken to Kowloon Hospital.

"Accused went to Canton, where he remained for three years."

Even in Canton, Crown Counsel said, accused did not leave the complainant alone. He wrote her a series of letters, nine altogether, and they were on a most obscene and insulting nature.

ANOTHER INCIDENT

In March this year, accused returned and an incident occurred in which it appeared he intended to carry out his threats.

On March 13, complainant met him near his home, and he wished to go to her residence.

She went back with him and, there, in the presence of complainant's mother and an aunt, he seized her by the hand, drew

out a chopper and said he was going to start to kill them all.

He also warned them to keep quiet. In the flat, however, was a large dog which did not keep quiet, and it barked furiously and created such a commotion that neighbours came on the scene, causing the accused to run away.

Police later visited his father's home where they collected certain letters, and on March 23 accused was arrested.

Giving evidence, complainant's eyes welled up with tears and she could not speak when Crown Counsel showed her two bloodstained garments she had worn the night of August 9, 1948. She identified them as the white dress and slip she had on that night.

The trial is proceeding.

FIRST CASE OF ITS KIND

(Continued from Page 2)

A pork butcher was fined \$50 by Mr Peter Sin and Mrs E. T. Lee at the Justices of the Peace Court this morning for killing a pig without first stunning it at the Kennedy Town Slaughterhouse on May 30.

Mr Kiu, the defendant, admitted he failed to make use of the electrical stunning device at the slaughterhouse. Sanitary Inspector Chan prosecuted.

This was the first case of its kind since the new regulations came into operation.

Benefit Of Doubt

When Lau, Fal, 42, coolie, was charged with possession of tainted pork, Mr Latimer at Central this morning gave him the benefit of the doubt.

Lau told the Bench that a woman who lived at Kennedy Town handed him the pork to convey to another address and gave him 50 cents for the transportation.

The trial is proceeding.

Caught In Act

Caught in the act of taking a Parker fountain pen from the pocket of a pedestrian at Queen's Road Central yesterday, Lau Young-cheung, 23, was given 20 months' imprisonment by Mr Latimer at Central this morning, when he also pleaded guilty to breach of a deportation order.

The trial is proceeding.

Difficult Inter-Party Talks Ahead In France

DETERMINED GAULLE OPPOSITION LIKELY

Paris, June 19.

Most French political leaders tonight forecast difficult inter-party negotiations before France's new government can be formed.

The new government, arising from Sunday's elections, will replace the Coalition of Dr Henri Queuille shortly after the National Assembly meets on July 5. Its strength and nature may well depend on the country's new political giant, the party of General Charles de Gaulle.

Late results trickling in tonight consolidated the position of General de Gaulle's movement—the Rally of the French People—the strongest single party.

When 611 results out of 627 were known, the position was semi-officially reported as:

Guillists 16.

Communists 100.

Socialists 101.

M.R.P. 78.

Radicals 87.

Moderates 103.

Others 23.

Deputies classified under "Others" were all from distant overseas territories and their party affiliations made the Assembly may not be known till the Assembly has met in July.

Results still to come were: Nine seats in Alsace and seven in overseas territories.

Leaders of the "Middle of France" parties were publicly jubilant about their relative success in holding the majority seats. But they admitted that the strength of the Gaullists might make the forming of a new and stable coalition a delicate task.

DE GAULLE'S DEMAND

Observers said they saw no reason at this stage to think that General de Gaulle would consent to join any coalition except on conditions of profound constitutional reform. They believed that the centre parties would be unwilling to accept such reforms.

Premier Queuille would normally be his own successor, observers said, because his electoral strategy was aimed at producing the precise result that has been achieved.

But reports had said he wants a rest and speculation has already named several party leaders as probable successors.

Apart from the prospect of determined Gaullist opposition, the new government must consider means of dealing with a strong Communist group.

Though reduced from 180 deputies to about 100 the Communists still have much strength for obstruction tactics.

And the fact remains that while losing some votes the Communist poll is still very heavy in France. —Reuter.

Peking Warned Off Nepal

New Delhi June 19.

The Indian Premier, Mr Pandit Nehru, warned Communist China today to keep its hands off the Kingdom of Nepal.

Mr Nehru's radio broadcast did not mention Red China by name, but he had in mind the Chinese invasion of Tibet, which borders on little Nepal, when he said: "Neither India nor Nepal wants to wage war with hostile intent against any country. But we are both determined not to permit anyone to interfere with our liberties."

Mr Nehru made his broadcast after a three-day tour of the mountain State in the Himalayas with which India has a treaty of mutual assistance.

Mr Nehru described Nepal as "the daughter of the Himalayas" and "the young sister of India." He said: "In the precarious world of today, where nations prepare and think war, it is particularly necessary that we hold together to preserve the liberties we have gained." —United Press.

PERSIAN OIL DISPUTE

(Continued from Page 2)

"resisted" but said inexperienced action even by engineers might cause a situation which the British are anxious to avoid since any fire or explosion might call down accusations of sabotage. Therefore, he said, switching off installations might take several days once the decision has been reached. —United Press.

NO EXPROPRIATION?

Geneva, June 19.

An Iranian government spokesman said today that Iran had no intention of expropriating foreign companies in Iran and intended to settle any "legitimate" claims put forward by the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company.

Abdullah Dastury, government delegate, told the annual conference of the International Labour Organisation that he was happy to be able to inform it that, contrary to reports and all-round rumours, "we have not thought for a single instant of attacking the interests of foreign individuals and companies in our country, nor of expropriating their property." —United Press.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

1. Gibraltar. 2. Rome, Italy.

3. 100 centimes. 4. A native

East Indian dancing girl of the

professionals. 5. St. John's

Island, Newfoundland.

6. William Alice Greenway for

Morning Post Limited. 7. 10-3

Wyndham Street, City of Victoria

8. In the Colony of Hongkong.

Never To Run Away Again

Singapore, June 19. Five runaway girls who left Malaya 10 days ago en route to Red China returned from Hongkong today aboard a C.P.A. plane and four were detained by the C.P.A. immediately on their arrival.

They were met by parents and relatives at the airport and after a long tearful meeting promised "never to run away again". The youngest of them who was allowed to go home with her parents was Chung Heng Pei, 15. —United Press.

Gloucesters To Pull Out Of Korea</